COMPLAINT

The Federal Trade Commission, having reason to believe that CardSystems Solutions, Inc. (“respondent”) has violated the provisions of the Federal Trade Commission Act, and it appearing to the Commission that this proceeding is in the public interest, alleges:

1. Respondent CardSystems Solutions, Inc. is a Delaware corporation with its principal office or place of business at 6390 East Broadway, Tucson, Arizona 85710.

2. The acts and practices of respondent as alleged in this complaint have been in or affecting commerce, as “commerce” is defined in Section 4 of the Federal Trade Commission Act.

VIOLATIONS OF THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION ACT

3. Respondent provides merchants with products and services used to obtain authorization for credit and debit card purchases (“card purchases”) from the banks that issued the cards (“issuing banks”). Last year, respondent provided authorization processing for card purchases totaling at least $15 billion for approximately 119,000 merchants. In connection with these activities, respondent uses the Internet and a web application program (“web application”) to provide information to client merchants about authorizations that have been performed for them, and to provide information to prospective merchants about the services offered.

4. To obtain approval for a card purchase, merchants typically use respondent’s services to: collect information from the card’s magnetic stripe, including, but not limited to, customer name, card number and expiration date, a security code used to verify electronically that the card is genuine, and certain other information (collectively, “personal information”); format the information into an authorization request; and transmit the request to respondent’s authorization processing computer network. From
there, respondent transmits the request to a computer network operated by or for a bank association (such as Visa or MasterCard) or another entity (such as American Express), which transmits it to the issuing bank. The issuing bank receives the request, approves or declines the purchase, and transmits its response to the merchant over the same computer networks used to process the request. The response includes the personal information that was included in the authorization request the issuing bank received.

5. Since 1998, respondent has stored authorization responses for up to thirty (30) days in one or more databases on its computer network. Each day, these databases contain as many as several million authorization responses.

6. Respondent has engaged in a number of practices that, taken together, failed to provide reasonable and appropriate security for personal information stored on its computer network. Among other things, respondent: (1) created unnecessary risks to the information by storing it in a vulnerable format for up to 30 days; (2) did not adequately assess the vulnerability of its web application and computer network to commonly known or reasonably foreseeable attacks, including but not limited to “Structured Query Language” (or “SQL”) injection attacks; (3) did not implement simple, low-cost, and readily available defenses to such attacks; (4) failed to use strong passwords to prevent a hacker from gaining control over computers on its computer network and access to personal information stored on the network; (5) did not use readily available security measures to limit access between computers on its network and between such computers and the Internet; and (6) failed to employ sufficient measures to detect unauthorized access to personal information or to conduct security investigations.

7. In September 2004, a hacker exploited the failures set forth in Paragraph 6 by using an SQL injection attack on respondent’s web application and website to install common hacking programs on computers on respondent’s computer network. The programs were set up to collect and transmit magnetic stripe data stored on the network to computers located outside the network every four days, beginning in November 2004. As a result, the hacker obtained unauthorized access to magnetic stripe data for tens of millions of credit and debit cards.

8. In early 2005, issuing banks began discovering several million dollars in fraudulent credit and debit card purchases that had been made with counterfeit cards. The counterfeit cards contained complete and accurate magnetic stripe data, including the security code used to verify that a card is genuine, and thus appeared genuine in the authorization process. The magnetic stripe data matched the information respondent had stored on its computer network. In response, issuing banks cancelled and re-issued thousands of credit and debit cards. Consumers holding these cards were unable to use them to access their credit and bank accounts until they received replacement cards.
9. As set forth in Paragraphs 6, 7, and 8, respondent’s failure to employ reasonable and appropriate security measures to protect personal information it stored caused or is likely to cause substantial injury to consumers that is not offset by countervailing benefits to consumers or competition and is not reasonably avoidable by consumers. This practice was, and is, an unfair act or practice.

10. The acts and practices of respondent as alleged in this complaint constitute unfair or deceptive acts or practices in or affecting commerce in violation of Section 5(a) of the Federal Trade Commission Act.

THEREFORE, the Federal Trade Commission this fifth day of September, 2006, has issued this complaint against respondent.

By the Commission, Commissioner Harbour recused.

Donald S. Clark
Secretary
The Federal Trade Commission having initiated an investigation of certain acts and practices of the Respondent named in the caption hereof, and the Respondent and its successor corporation, Solidus Networks, Inc., doing business as Pay By Touch Solutions, having been furnished thereafter with a copy of a draft Complaint that the Bureau of Consumer Protection proposed to present to the Commission for its consideration and which, if issued by the Commission, would charge the Respondent with violation of the Federal Trade Commission Act, 15 U.S.C. § 45 et seq;

The Respondent, its attorney, its successor corporation, its attorney, and counsel for the Commission having thereafter executed an Agreement Containing Consent Order (“Consent Agreement”), an admission by the Respondent and its successor corporation of all the jurisdictional facts set forth in the aforesaid draft Complaint, a statement that the signing of said Consent Agreement is for settlement purposes only and does not constitute an admission by Respondent or its successor corporation that the law has been violated as alleged in such Complaint, or that the facts as alleged in such Complaint, other than jurisdictional facts, are true, and waivers and other provisions as required by the Commission's Rules; and
The Commission having thereafter considered the matter and having determined that it has reason to believe that the Respondent has violated the said Act, and that a Complaint should issue stating its charges in that respect, and having thereupon accepted the executed Consent Agreement and placed such Consent Agreement on the public record for a period of thirty (30) days, and having duly considered the comments filed thereafter by interested persons pursuant to Section 2.34 of its Rules, now in further conformity with the procedure described in Section 2.34 of its Rules, the Commission hereby issues its Complaint, makes the following jurisdictional findings and enters the following Order:

1. Respondent CardSystems Solutions, Inc. is a Delaware corporation with its principal office or place of business at 6390 East Broadway, Tucson, Arizona 85710.

   Solidus Networks, Inc, doing business as Pay By Touch Solutions, is a Delaware corporation with its principal office or place of business at 101 2nd St Ste 1500, San Francisco, California 94105.

2. The Federal Trade Commission has jurisdiction of the subject matter of this proceeding and of the Respondent and Solidus Networks, Inc., and the proceeding is in the public interest.

ORDER

DEFINITIONS

For purposes of this order, the following definitions shall apply:

1. “Personal information” shall mean individually identifiable information from or about an individual consumer including, but not limited to: (a) a first and last name; (b) a home or other physical address, including street name and name of city or town; (c) an email address or other online contact information, such as an instant messaging user identifier or a screen name that reveals an individual’s email address; (d) a telephone number; (e) a Social Security number; (f) credit or debit card information, including card number, expiration date, and data stored on a card’s magnetic stripe; (g) a persistent identifier, such as a customer number held in a “cookie” or processor serial number, that is combined with other available data that identifies an individual consumer; or (h) any other information from or about an individual consumer that is combined with (a) through (g) above.

2. Unless otherwise specified, “respondent” shall mean CardSystems Solutions, Inc. and its successors and assigns, including Solidus Networks, Inc., officers, agents, representatives, and employees.
I.

**IT IS ORDERED** that respondent, directly or through any corporation, subsidiary, division, or other device, in connection with the advertising, marketing, promotion, offering for sale, or sale of any product or service, in or affecting commerce, shall, no later than the date of service of this order, establish and implement, and thereafter maintain, a comprehensive information security program that is reasonably designed to protect the security, confidentiality, and integrity of personal information collected from or about consumers. Such program, the content and implementation of which must be fully documented in writing, shall contain administrative, technical, and physical safeguards appropriate to respondent’s size and complexity, the nature and scope of respondent’s activities, and the sensitivity of the personal information collected from or about consumers, including:

A. the designation of an employee or employees to coordinate and be accountable for the information security program.

B. the identification of material internal and external risks to the security, confidentiality, and integrity of personal information that could result in the unauthorized disclosure, misuse, loss, alteration, destruction, or other compromise of such information, and assessment of the sufficiency of any safeguards in place to control these risks. At a minimum, this risk assessment should include consideration of risks in each area of relevant operation, including, but not limited to: (1) employee training and management; (2) information systems, including network and software design, information processing, storage, transmission, and disposal; and (3) prevention, detection, and response to attacks, intrusions, or other systems failures.

C. the design and implementation of reasonable safeguards to control the risks identified through risk assessment, and regular testing or monitoring of the effectiveness of the safeguards’ key controls, systems, and procedures.

D. the evaluation and adjustment of respondent’s information security program in light of the results of the testing and monitoring required by subparagraph C, any material changes to respondent’s operations or business arrangements, or any other circumstances that respondent knows or has reason to know may have a material impact on the effectiveness of its information security program.

II.

**IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that, in connection with its compliance with Paragraph I of this order, respondent shall obtain initial and biennial assessments and reports (“Assessments”) from a qualified, objective, independent third-party professional, using procedures and standards generally accepted in the profession. The reporting period for the Assessments shall cover: (1) the first one hundred and eighty (180) days after service of the order
for the initial Assessment, and (2) each two (2) year period thereafter for twenty (20) years after
service of the order for the biennial Assessments. Each Assessment shall:

A. set forth the specific administrative, technical, and physical safeguards that
respondent has implemented and maintained during the reporting period;

B. explain how such safeguards are appropriate to respondent’s size and complexity,
the nature and scope of respondent’s activities, and the sensitivity of the personal
information collected from or about consumers;

C. explain how the safeguards that have been implemented meet or exceed the
protections required by Paragraph I of this order; and

D. certify that respondent’s security program is operating with sufficient
effectiveness to provide reasonable assurance that the security, confidentiality, and
integrity of personal information is protected and has so operated throughout the reporting
period.

Each Assessment shall be prepared and completed within sixty (60) days after the end of the
reporting period to which the Assessment applies by a person qualified as a Certified Information
System Security Professional (CISSP) or as a Certified Information Systems Auditor (CISA); a
person holding Global Information Assurance Certification (GIAC) from the SysAdmin, Audit,
Network, Security (SANS) Institute; or a similarly qualified person or organization approved by
the Associate Director for Enforcement, Bureau of Consumer Protection, Federal Trade

Respondent shall provide the initial Assessment, as well as all: plans, reports, studies, reviews,
audits, audit trails, policies, training materials, and assessments, whether prepared by or on
behalf of respondent, relied upon to prepare such Assessment to the Associate Director for
20580, within ten (10) days after the Assessment has been prepared. All subsequent biennial
Assessments shall be retained by respondent until the order is terminated and provided to the
Associate Director of Enforcement within ten (10) days of request.

III.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that respondent shall maintain, and upon request make
available to the Federal Trade Commission for inspection and copying, a print or electronic copy
of each document relating to compliance, including but not limited to:

A. for a period of five (5) years: any documents, whether prepared by or on behalf of
respondent, that contradict, qualify, or call into question respondent’s compliance with
this order; and
B. for a period of three (3) years after the date of preparation of each biennial Assessment required under Paragraph II of this order: all plans, reports, studies, reviews, audits, audit trails, policies, training materials, and assessments, whether prepared by or on behalf of respondent, relating to respondent’s compliance with Paragraphs I and II of this order for the compliance period covered by such biennial Assessment.

IV.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that respondent shall deliver a copy of this order to all current and future principals, officers, directors, and managers, and to all current and future employees, agents, and representatives having managerial responsibilities relating to the subject matter of this order. Respondent shall deliver this order to such current personnel within thirty (30) days after service of this order, and to such future personnel within thirty (30) days after the person assumes such position or responsibilities.

V.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that respondent shall notify the Commission at least thirty (30) days prior to any change in the corporation that may affect compliance obligations arising under this order, including, but not limited to, a dissolution, assignment, sale, merger, or other action that would result in the emergence of a successor corporation; the creation or dissolution of a subsidiary, parent, or affiliate that engages in any acts or practices subject to this order; the proposed filing of a bankruptcy petition; or a change in either corporate name or address. Provided, however, that, with respect to any proposed change in the corporation about which respondent learns less than thirty (30) days prior to the date such action is to take place, respondent shall notify the Commission as soon as is practicable after obtaining such knowledge. All notices required by this Paragraph shall be sent by certified mail to the Associate Director, Division of Enforcement, Bureau of Consumer Protection, Federal Trade Commission, Washington, D.C. 20580.

VI.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that respondent shall, within one hundred and eighty (180) days after service of this order, and at such other times as the Commission may require, file with the Commission an initial report, in writing, setting forth in detail the manner and form in which it has complied with this order.

VII.

This order will terminate on September 5, 2026, or twenty (20) years from the most recent date that the United States or the Federal Trade Commission files a complaint (with or without an accompanying consent decree) in federal court alleging any violation of the order,
whichever comes later; *provided, however*, that the filing of such a complaint will not affect the duration of:

A. any Paragraph in this order that terminates in less than twenty (20) years;

B. this order’s application to any respondent that is not named as a defendant in such complaint; and

C. this order if such complaint is filed after the order has terminated pursuant to this Paragraph.

*Provided, further*, that if such complaint is dismissed or a federal court rules that respondent did not violate any provision of the order, and the dismissal or ruling is either not appealed or upheld on appeal, then the order will terminate according to this Paragraph as though the complaint had never been filed, except that the order will not terminate between the date such complaint is filed and the later of the deadline for appealing such dismissal or ruling and the date such dismissal or ruling is upheld on appeal.

By the Commission, Commissioner Harbour recused.

Donald S. Clark
Secretary

SEAL:
ISSUED: September 5, 2006